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**Journal of Economics and Management**

ISSN 1732-1948

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**Aim/Purpose –** In a sentence or two, explain the purpose of your paper. What is the problem?

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Briefly describe research sample.

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**Keywords:** maximum five keywords that capture the essence of your presented research (Times New Roman, 10-point, justified, line spacing: single).

**JEL Classification:** two to five JEL codes that apply to the issues of your presented research (Times New Roman, 10-point, justified, line spacing: single).

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# Introduction (Times New Roman, 12-point, bold, justified, line spacing: single)

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All papers should begin with an introduction. In this section you should **state more clearly the problem** (based on the literature and existing research), **the research gap, and the objectives of your study**. At the end of the introduction you should provide **an outline of the structure of your paper**.

**The total number of characters with spaces should not be less than 20,000 (i.e. about 10 pages) and exceed 40,000 (i.e. about 20 pages, max 8000 words).**

Papers submitted to JEM should **be divided into logical parts labelled as headlines** including:

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# Literature review (Times New Roman, 12-point, bold, left aligned, line spacing: single)

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Drawing on relevant international research, the literature review section should cover **the main concepts and research areas** discussed in the study.

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This is an example of text and references (Liu & Liu, 2006). According to Mellor (2015) …… Examples from literature and practice (Barringer & Gresock, 2008; Schmidt & Lyle, 2005). Another definition (Gartner, 2007) describes ……….

This is an example of text and references of three, four or five authors. Cite all the authors the first time the reference appears. In a subsequent reference, use the first author's last name followed by et al. Examples: (First citation) A study of community college administrations highlight the role of politics (Douglas, Munster, French, & Cramer, 1997). (Subsequent citations) Patterns of intrigue have long plagued the internal politics of community college administration in Texas (Douglas et al., 1997).

If there is six or more authors use only the first author's name followed et al. in the first and all subsequent reference. Example: A recent study showed that the number of security attacks on business systems is increasing (Jones et al., 2004).

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# Research methodology (Times New Roman, 12-point, bold, left aligned, line spacing: single)

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In this section, **the research methodology should be described** (i.e. research stages, methods, tools, research sample, etc.).

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In this section only **research findings and results** should be presented without recommendations and conclusions.

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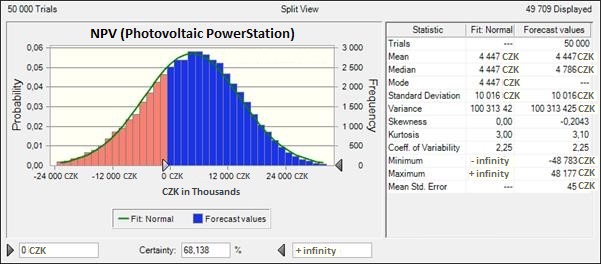
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# Discussion (Times New Roman, 12-point, bold, left aligned, line spacing: single)

This section is the pivotal section of the paper. It discusses **the relevance of the research findings to the existing knowledge in the field, evaluates how the findings meet the aims of the study, answer the research questions, and corroborate the hypotheses underlying the research**.

# Conclusions (Times New Roman, 12-point, bold, left aligned, line spacing: single)

This section summarizes the research findings in a few paragraphs. It should emphasize how **the study contributes to current research and practice in the field, specify its limitations, and indicate directions for future research**.

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# Declaration of competing interest

There is no financial and personal relationships with other people or organizations that could inappropriately influence (bias) our work.

# Funding

The research was supported by xxxxxxxxxx (should be added after review)

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Author1, A., & Author2, B. (2016). Analiza wykorzystania kanałów komunikacji online w dzieleniu się wiedzą prosumentów [An analysis of online communication channels using for prosumers knowledge sharing]. *Przegląd Organizacji, 11*, 42-50.

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